Semester II Physical and Analytical Chemistry

Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint the students to fundamental principles of physical and analytical chemistry
- 2. To understand the diverse analytical processes and the various steps involved in the same
- 3. To develop analytical skills
- 4. To understand the various instrumentation techniques applied

Subject	Total credits	Th	Pr	Int	Ext	Total
Physical and Analytical Chemistry	4	2	2	25	75	100

Physical and Analytical Chemistry Theory

Module	Objective	Content	Evaluation	
1 1	This module will enable students to: 1. Acquire knowledge of fundamentals of physical chemistry 2. Understand and analyze the scientific information	Physical Chemistry Instrumental methods of chemical analysis a)Potentiometry: Brief mention of electrode potential, Hydrogen electrode, glass electrode and applications b) Conductometry: Definition of specific conductance, equivalent conductance and applications c) Refractometry: Simple theory, instrumentation, Application, Abbe'srefractometer d) Colorimetry and spectrophotometry: Definition, absorbance, absorbility, Beer and Lambert law, instrumentation of colorimeter and spectrophotometer, factors affecting absorbility like temperature, solvent, wavelength, difference between colorimeter and spectrophotometer and applications	Question- Answer- 10 Marks + Assignment -5 Marks or Presentation- 5 Marks	
2	This module will enable students to: 3. Acquire knowledge about different analytical methods 4. Understand the	Analytical Chemistry a)Gravimetric Analysis -Common ion effect, solubility product, completeness of precipitation, complexions effect of acids, effect of acid, temperature and solvent upon solubility of precipitate, super saturation,	Question- Answer- 10 Marks or Assignment -5 Marks + Presentation- 5	

various steps	and precipitate formation, re-precipitation	Marks
involved in	b)Solvent extraction and Chromatography	
analytical	-Principle, Distribution co-efficient,	
processes	distribution ratio, relation between	
	distribution ratio and distribution co-	
	efficient, solvent extraction methods i.e.	
	ion association, salvation, chelate	
	formation and its applications	
	-Principle of chromatography, types	
	(absorption, partition, coloumn),	
	principle, diameter of coloumn, packing,	
	loading of sample, elution	
	-Ion exchange chromatography, principle,	
	cation and anion exchange resins, anion	
	acids, deionization of water	
	-Paper chromatography, Thin layer	
	chromatography and Gas-Liquid	
	chromatography - principle, techniques	
	involved and applications. Detection of	
	water	

Physical and Analytical Chemistry Practical

Module	Objective	Content	Evaluation
no			
1	This module will enable students to: 1. Understand the principles of physical chemistry 2. Learn the various instrumentation techniques	 Physical Chemistry 1.To determine the heat of neutralization of strong acid or strong base 2.To determine the relative fuel value of kerosene to ethyl alcohol 3.To determine the λ max and concentration of CuSO₄ colourimetrically 4.To determine the λ max and concentration of ascorbic acid colourimetrically 5.To determine the molar absorptivity coefficient of K₂Cr₂O₇ colourimetrically 6.To study the adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal from its solution 7.To study the hydrolysis of ester and find out the order of reaction 8.To determine the total soluble solids content of various food samples 	Experiment- 10 Marks + Assignment - 5 Marks or Presentation- 5 Marks

2	This module will	Analytical Chemistry	Experiment-
	enable students to:		10 Marks
		1.To prepare 1N KMnO ₄ solution	or
	1. Learn the various	2. To prepare KMnO ₄ solutions of different	Quiz -5
	analytical	normalities using dilution method	Marks
	techniques	3. To separate and identify a binary mixture	+
	2. Develop analytical	of inorganications by paper	Assignment-
	skills	chromatography	5 Marks
		4. To separate and identify a binary mixture	
		of amino acids by paper chromatography	
		5. To separate the mixture of ortho and para	
		nitro aniline by thin layer chromatography	
		6. To separate the cations from the given	
		mixture by coloumn chromatography	
		using cellulose	
		7.To determine the amount of Nickel	
		gravimetrically as Ni-DMG	

References:

- 1. Chatwell and Anand Instrumental methods of chemical analysis
- 2. Willard, Dean, Merit1994, Instrumental methods of chemical analysis, 6th ed.
- **3.** Bassette, Denney, Tuffery, Mendham (1968) Vogel's text book of Quantitative inorganic analysis, 3rd edition, London, Longman
- **4.** S. Ranganna, (1987) Handbook of Analysis and Quality Control for Fruit and Vegetable Products, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
- **5.** Yeshajahu Pomeranz, Clifton E. Meloa, (2000), Food Analysis: Theory and Practice, 3rd edition, Aspen Publishers, United States of America,
- **6.** S M Khopkar, (2004), Basic Concepts Of Analytical Chemistry, 2nd edition, New Age International publishers, New Delhi.